

# CT Fieldstone

SKU 704-229  
17.5" X 4" x 4.5  
Blue Variegated

- Natural looking manufactured wall stones
- Finished on three sides - makes *beautiful corners!*
- Easy to build Piers, Walls, and Edging rows
- Finished in a fraction of the time it takes to create a traditional wall
- Cost competitive with std. 12" x 8" x 4" wall stones
- Made in America in Seekonk, MA

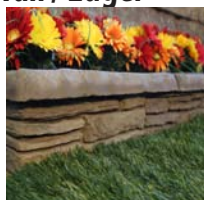
## ● Building a CT Fieldstone Double-Faced Wall

1. **Measure** desired wall length and place stakes at each end
2. **Excavate** earth to a **depth** of 4" - 6"
3. **Excavate** to a **width** of the block or to a width of two blocks plus an additional 6" for added stability
4. **Compact** bottom of trench with Hand Tamper
5. **Add 1" - 2" of base gravel** and tamp. Repeat until depth of trench is 2"
6. **Add 1/2" of Paver Sand, screed,** until level
7. **Tie String** to end stakes at sand height to ensure that **base is level**
8. Beginning at the lowest point, and, the center of the trench, **place** wall stones in paver sand
9. **Level** wall stones both front-to-back and side-to-side
10. **Use PL 300 Glue** or mortar to tie blocks and courses together
11. Recommended **overall double-faced wall height not to exceed 24"**
12. **Finish** by Capping with optional Wall Caps. Secure Caps with Cap Glue or Mortar
13. Double sided walls can be used as open running walls, edging walls...



## ● Building a CT Fieldstone Single-Faced Wall / Edger

1. **Follow installation directions** as stated above
2. **Use** CT Fieldstone blocks as a single-faced wall for applications such as edging rows
3. Maximum height for single-faced row should **not exceed** three courses
4. Single-faced walls **can** also be capped
5. Wall Caps for single-faced walls require that you **cut** the Wall Caps in half lengthwise using a standard masonry saw



## ● Building a CT Fieldstone Pier

1. **Follow** the same steps outlined above in the wall description for excavation and base preparation.
2. Then **follow** the illustrations below by simply overlapping the joints on each additional course. Use an adhesive or mortar to tie each course together. Caution should be used for piers built taller than 36".

